Framework		
Original recommendation	Original Response	2015 Update
Recommendation 1 We recommend that the Welsh Government should ensure implementation of the National Service Framework through strengthened oversight and monitoring arrangements, as a priority in the forthcoming delivery plan. We believe this should include a national leadership post to coordinate health boards' progress in delivering the NSF, and to facilitate the sharing of experiences and good practice between health boards.	The Welsh Government remains committed to the implementation of the 12 standards set out in the National Service Framework for Diabetes in Wales (NSF) and the Diabetes Delivery Plan will include as a priority the development of effective oversight and monitoring arrangements. My officials will work with the Local Health Boards (LHBs), the Diabetes delivery Plan Implementation Group and the Diabetes National Specialist Advisory Group (NSAG) to develop robust and effective monitoring arrangements both for the implementation of the plan the continued establishment of the NSF standards. A national diabetes clinical lead role will be developed to support both the delivery of the plan and to support Local Health Boards in the continued implementation of the NSF standards. The national lead will need to work closely with the Implementation Group to facilitate the sharing of experiences and best practice between LHBs.	The Diabetes Delivery Plan included a series of actions to take forward areas of the NSF that had yet to be delivered. Following the launch of the delivery plan, an NHS-led Implementation Group was established and has been supporting health boards to deliver the actions in the national delivery plan. The National Clinical Lead for diabetes, Dr Julia Platts, has been appointed and is working across the health boards to drive consistency and quality in the diabetic patient pathways. Good progress has been made against some standards, for example paediatric diabetes departments have participated in a peer review process to ensure the best possible service provision. National audits in areas such as inpatient care and pregnancy in diabetes have provided information to shape service improvement on a national and local level. Implementation priorities for each year have been agreed with detailed recommendations for action by the health boards.
Recommendation 2 We welcome the forthcoming delivery plan for diabetes, and recommend that the Welsh Government commits to taking appropriate action should	The implementation of the Diabetes Delivery Plan falls to the NHS in Wales and at a local level to each individual LHB. In addition to monitoring progress, the Welsh Government and the Implementation Group will support	All health boards produced delivery plans last year in line with the requirements of the Together for Health Delivery Plan; these were peer reviewed through the diabetes implementation group and

health boards fail to deliver the services outlined in the plan.

LHBs through identifying opportunities for actions at an all Wales level and through facilitating the sharing of best practice through peer review. The Diabetes Delivery Plan will require each LHB to produce a local delivery plan to address progress against the plan, as well as continued implementation of the Diabetes NSF standards. LHBs will be held to account on their progress by the Welsh Government as well as by the local populations that they serve, and to facilitate this public accountability LHBs will be required to publish details of their progress on their websites. Appropriate action will be taken to challenge health boards which fail to deliver the services outlined in the Delivery Plan.

feedback given to each health board. Health boards were expected to produce their diabetes annual report by September 2014; but a number of health boards did not provide them in time and the matter has been escalated.

Health boards are now in the process of updating their delivery plans and these are to be completed in March 2015. Each health board should also include diabetes as part of their Integrated Medium Term Plans, which are approved by Welsh Government. Welsh Government is also working with Diabetes UK to introduce a new performance management approach to diabetes; we expect this will be introduced later this year.

Recommendation 3

We recommend that the forthcoming delivery plan should include a requirement for all GP practices to participate in the National Diabetes Audit.

Participation in the National Diabetes Audit (NDA) has been a crucial tool in developing improved diabetes services in Wales and continued, full participation will be a priority in the Diabetes Delivery Plan. Welsh GP participation in the Adult NDA has improved to over 80%, from about 50%, in the latest audit round, and the Diabetes Delivery Plan will instruct LHBs to continue to build on this improvement. It is the clear expectation of the Welsh Government that GP practices in Wales should participate fully in the National Diabetes Audit.

The Delivery Plan includes the requirement for all health boards, which are integrated primary and secondary care organisations, to participate in all aspects of the National Diabetes Audit (NDA). All health boards have participated in the audit, which was last published on 29 January 2015. The NDA Report 1: Care Processes and Treatment Targets 2012-2013 published on 2 October showed around 70% of GP practises in Wales participated. More than 80% participated in the previous round, but one

health board missed the cut-off for the submission of 2012-13 data and therefore numbers are lower this time. This problem will not occur in future rounds as the manually extracted data system used by the health board is currently being phased out. **Recommendation 4** The Delivery Plan will have as a key priority The Annual Report reiterated every We recommend that the Welsh that all patients are offered all 9 key annual person with diabetes should receive a health checks. These health checks are planned programme of nationally Government's delivery plan should require that all diabetes patients are established indicators under the Quality and recommended checks each year. This is offered all 9 key annual health Outcomes Framework (QOF) as well as being part of the personalised care planning that checks, and that health boards' monitored as part of the National Diabetes enables them and their healthcare performance in meeting this Audit (NDA). The NDA is currently working to professionals to jointly agree how they will requirement should be monitored ensure that the QOF and NDA measures are manage their diabetes. There are nine through full participation in the aligned, which would allow the monitoring of key care processes that all adults with National Diabetes Audit. this to be conducted using either of these diabetes should receive annually; the processes. As part of their work, he NDA and the delivery plan annual report Implementation Group will consider the most describe compliance against this appropriate way forward to ensuring standard. The 2015 report showed 40% of compliance with the Delivery Plan, which will adults with type 1 diabetes and 67% of include the optimal approach towards adults with type 2 diabetes are having all monitoring progress. Full participation in the the annual tests and investigations NDA will be a priority under the Diabetes associated with national standards (not Delivery Plan. including retinal screening). This testing bundle hides the high rates of provision of HbA1c testing for under 25s (98.9%), foot examination (91%) and retinal screening (93%). The Implementation Group, diabetes network and the NDA clinical leads will be looking at the reasons all

before the Board in March for

Summary of progress against Health and Social Care Committee's recommendations on the Diabetes National Service Framework

care processes are not being undertaken more consistently and leading action to improve performance. **Recommendation 5** Each LHB has established a local DPDG as All health boards, including Powys, have diabetes delivery groups and patient We recommend that the forthcoming part of the implementation of the Diabetes NSF diabetes delivery plan should ensure and these groups will be vital in assisting LHBs reference groups in place. The that local Diabetes Planning and in the development of their updated local implementation group has yet to peer Delivery Groups' relationships with delivery plans; which need to take account of review and standardise their working; this health boards are formalised. Health the needs of their local population. The work is expected to commence later this Boards should demonstrate how they Diabetes Delivery Plan will require LHBs to vear. take account of DPDG formalise their relationships with their DPDGs, recommendations and fully engage and to include their DPDGs terms of reference with their work. Arrangements should (ToR) as part of their updated local plans. The be put in place to adopt a national Implementation Group will take forward a peer approach for DPDGs, to include review approach to share best practice national terms of reference for their and DPDGs will be included in this process; operation and a requirement to meet including consideration of the development of with each other to share best a common set of ToR principles that all LHBs practice. might adopt for their DPDGs. Recommendation 6 The development of an integrated diabetes A patient engagement exercise has been We recommend that the introduction patient management system will be important undertaken to determine the delivery for long term improvements in health care of an integrated diabetes patient requirements of the system. An outline outcomes for people with diabetes in Wales. business case was taken to the National management system should be a priority for the Welsh Government. The Diabetes Delivery Plan will have the Informatics Management Board in We note the commitment already development of such a system as a key September 2014 for discussion; the Board made to introduce such a system, strategic priority for the NHS in Wales. The prioritises national investment in IT development of a patient management system and recommend that a clear infrastructure. It agreed further clarification will fall to the NHS Wales Informatics Service is required about whether or not existing timetable for its introduction is and my officials will work with this agency to systems are able to meet this need. The included in the forthcoming diabetes delivery plan. finalise a timetable for its implementation. final business case is expected to go

Recommendation 7

We recommend that future public health campaigns on diabetes should reflect the need to raise awareness of the risk factors associated with – and the early symptoms of - diabetes.

Prevention and early detection of diabetes are clear priorities for this Government and will be included in the Diabetes Delivery Plan. Any future public health campaigns will need to include raising awareness of the risk factors associated with diabetes, and early symptoms of the disease. Also, public health campaigns linked to lifestyle behaviours need to stress the risks associated with such behaviour, such as the links between obesity and diabetes.

The delivery plan includes commitments to reduce the risk factors for diabetes. A number of all Wales programmes are being delivered outside the scope of the Implementation Group, such as the

authorisation and prioritisation.

Obesity Pathway and Change4Life.
However, the Implementation group has also agreed to prioritise prevention and is examining 'information prescriptions' for people at risk of developing diabetes, and to examine risk identification through community pharmacies.

Recommendation 8

We recommend that the Welsh Government and health boards work together to expand the role of pharmacies in conducting risk assessments, to help improve early identification of people with diabetes. Pharmacies should also play a direct role in future public health campaigns. We believe the Welsh Government should specifically consider the value of including the HbA1c test for existing patients as an enhanced service as part of the Community Pharmacy Contractual Framework.

The early detection of diabetes will be a key theme of the Diabetes Delivery Plan and risk assessments have an important role to play. The Welsh Government will introduce an over 50s health checks programme to provide an online resource for people to assess their health and wellbeing. It will help identify risks to their health and provide advice on actions to reduce those risks and improve their health. It will also sign-post people to the most appropriate local support for changing lifestyle behaviours, and where appropriate direct them to seek advice from their GP, or other health professional. In addition, with regards to diabetes specific risk assessment, the Implementation Group will be tasked to look at all Wales solutions to this issue. They will bring forward recommendations on the most

Over recent years community pharmacy has participated in two national public health campaigns involving diabetes and screening. There are three national public health campaigns a year that engage with community pharmacy and the topics for 2015/16 have already been agreed with Public Health Wales.

The annual report highlights the important work Diabetes UK and community pharmacy have been doing to risk assess people in the community. An estimated 30,000 assessments have been undertaken through the UK pilot and thousands of people have been referred to their GP or for further testing. The Implementation Group is establishing a

appropriate and effective way to deliver diabetes risk assessment to the people who need it; where they need it. A key factor in any such solution will be community pharmacies. Due to their close community links, pharmacies need to be considered in the development of any new public health campaigns. The Welsh Government will also task the Implementation Group to specifically consider the value of including HbA1c testing in pharmacies as part of their work on developing all Wales solutions to diabetes specific risk assessments.

small sub group to look at a pilot project in Wales, as part of work involved in its current priority area about preventing diabetes. However, the latest audit findings show 98.9% of under 25s received their annual HbA1c test. Therefore, testing should be extended to community pharmacies as part of an integrated treatment and management pathway agreed in collaboration with relevant cluster, according to local needs.

Recommendation 9

We recommend that the Welsh Government should urgently address the variances in the provision of structured education for people with diabetes. The forthcoming delivery plan should require all health boards to provide NICE-compliant structured education programmes and ensure equality of access to appropriate, timely education for all patients across Wales.

Patient empowerment is crucial to improving health care outcomes for people with diabetes and education is a vital part of developing patient empowerment. The provision of NICE compliant diabetes structured education programmes will be a priority under the Diabetes Delivery Plan. The Quality and Outcomes Framework for 2013/14 has established an indicator for referral to a structured education programme within 9 months of entry onto the diabetes register and LHBs will need to ensure that programmes are available for people who are referred to them. In addition to people with newly diagnosed diabetes having access to NICE-compliant structured education, the Implementation Group will consider other ways of delivering effective education to people with diabetes

SDE is crucial to the self management of diabetes and the avoidance of additional morbidity. A new diagnosis is a vital opportunity to influence lifestyle and educate people about their diabetes. The latest annual report showed 7.6% of newly diagnosed patients received structured education in 2012-13, although this has increased from 5.8% in 2011-12. The Implementation Group has made provision of SDE a priority area, has reviewed the available SDE resources and is considering all-Wales provision of an agreed package, which includes phased improvement of uptake.

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	through the most appropriate and effective	
	channels. Every opportunity needs to be taken	
	to educate the person with diabetes if we are	
	to improve health care outcomes for this sector	
	of the population.	
Recommendation 10	The Diabetes Delivery Plan will set out to	The annual report recognises that access
We believe that insulin pump therapy	achieve significant progress in patient access	to insulin pump treatment is much lower in
and the necessary accompanying	to intensive insulin therapy as there is	Wales than countries such as Germany
education should be available to all	evidence that such treatment reduces	and Austria. It highlights the need to
suitable candidates to improve their	microvascular complications in type 1 and type	implement the NICE technology appraisal
quality of life. We recommend that	2 diabetes. Any provision should be evidence	regarding pumps fully and equitably
the Welsh Government's forthcoming	based and take account of patient choice, but	across all health boards in Wales. The
delivery plan include a requirement to	the plan will set as a priority the provision	Implementation Group will be taking this
improve the availability of education	insulin pump service in line with NICE	work forward in the coming year.
and training on the use of insulin	guidelines.	
pumps.		
Recommendation 11	Think Glucose is a commercial product and the	Hywel Dda University Health Board has
We recommend that the Think	1000 Lives Plus programme is currently	implemented the Think Glucose
Glucose programme should be	considering options for the introduction of a	programme across all its main sites and
introduced in all health boards across	similar, non-commercial, pan Wales	one community hospital. This includes
Wales.	programme. It will be the remit of the	one referral form, hypoglycaemic
	Implementation Group to consider all Wales	guidelines, medication chart and self
	solutions for improvements in diabetes health	management plans. The Implementation
	care, and one of its first tasks will be to	Group has received costings to roll the
	consider the most appropriate programme to	programme out nationally and is
	implement; whether that be Think Glucose or a	considering how best to fund an all-Wales
	Welsh developed programme under the	programme.
	auspices of 1000 Lives Plus. The effectiveness	
	of Think Glucose has highlighted the benefits	
	of introducing such a programme across all	
	LHBs in Wales. Therefore, an appropriate	

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	programme should be introduced at the	
	earliest opportunity.	
Recommendation 12	Diabetes Specialist Nurses have a crucial role	Data collection has been undertaken and
We recommend that the Welsh	to play in delivering improved care to people	analysis of this information now needs to
Government undertake an audit of	with diabetes, both in the community and	take place before a paper is taken to the
the number of diabetes specialist	hospital, and an important facilitation role in	implementation group.
nurses in post across Wales, and the	the delivery of structured education. The	
proportion of their time spent on	availability of this resource will need to	
general duties. The Welsh	adequately reflect local needs in the	
Government should consider the	development of LHBs' local diabetes delivery	
merits of issuing guidance to health	plans. The Welsh Government will conduct an	
boards on recommended numbers of	audit of diabetes specialist nurses in line with	
diabetes nurses per head of	the recommendation and work with the	
population.	Diabetes NSAG to consider the merits of	
	issuing guidance to health boards.	
Recommendation 13	Since its introduction, the Diabetic Retinopathy	The Delivery Plan included a commitment
We recommend that the Welsh	Screening Service has provided all-Wales	to review and refresh the Diabetic
Government monitors the capacity of	screening to detect sight-threatening diabetic	Retinopathy Screening Service Wales
the Diabetic Retinopathy Screening	retinopathy at an early stage before visual loss	(DRSSW) to ensure it achieves the best
Service to provide annual checks for	occurs. The continued effectiveness of this	outcomes for all patients. The annual
diabetic patients as the growing	service is key to improving treatment and care	report showed 93% of diabetes patients in
prevalence of diabetes increases	for people with diabetes. The capacity of the	Wales have had a retinopathy
demand for the service.	Diabetic Retinopathy Screening Service to	examination in the past 15 months. An
	provide annual checks will be part of the	External Quality Assurance (EQA) review
	monitoring of the implementation of the	was also carried out in 2014. The EQA
	Diabetes Delivery Plan. The Implementation	review recommendations are currently
	Group will also consider how this resource can	being implemented by the DRSSW. In
	optimally deliver screening in the future whilst	addition, the screening interval times are
	utilising the service's data to improve research;	under review by the National Screening
	with a view to delivering additional health	Committee (NSC). The outcome of the
	outcomes.	NSC review will be ready in 2015. It is

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anticipated the screening interval times for
some patients will move from 12 to 24
months, which will help to cope with
increased demand.